COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: NI025290 CHARITY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 104991

Centre for Global Education
Company Limited by Guarantee
Financial Statements
31 March 2021

Finegan Gibson Ltd Chartered accountants & statutory auditor Causeway Tower 9 James Street South Belfast BT2 8DN

Company Limited by Guarantee

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2021

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Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Structure, governance and management (continued)

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purposes of company law, present their report and the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Reference and administrative details

Registered charity name

Centre for Global Education

Charity registration number

104991

Company registration number NI025290

Principal office and registered 9 University Street, Belfast, BT7 1FY

office

The trustees

L Sullivan

H McMullan (Chairperson)

(Resigned 18 November 2020)

D Belluigi

N McAdams (Treasurer)

S Mac Laimhin M Sloan S Hanley C McIvor M Robinson

(Resigned 18 November 2020) (Appointed 18 November 2020)

Company secretary

Marie-Therese Sloan

Auditor

Finegan Gibson Ltd

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor

Causeway Tower 9 James Street South

Belfast BT2 8DN

Bankers

Danske Bank

Donegal Square West

Belfast BT1 6JS

Key management personnel

Director

Finance Support

Connecting Classroom through Global Learning Programme Manager

Stephen McCloskey Clarke & Co Caroline Murphy

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Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Structure, governance and management (continued)

Governing Document

Centre for Global Education is a company limited by guarantee governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association dated (21 February 1991). Centre for Global Education is a registered charity with the Charity Commission for Northern Ireland

Appointment of trustees

The Chairman and the Trustees appoint new Trustees as needed. New Trustees are recruited on the relevance of their professional skills, and their potential to be able to make a helpful contribution to the governance of the charity. As part of the recruitment process they are made aware of a Trustees' legal obligations under charity and company law, the content of the Memorandum and Articles of Association, the committee and decision making processes, the business plan and recent financial performance of the charity.

Once the potential new Trustee has agreed to be considered for appointment to the role, the Trustees meet to review and to vote on the candidates' suitability for appointment. If there is unanimous agreement, they can be co-opted at an ordinary Management Board meeting.

Trustee induction and training includes

- Induction into the Code of Corporate Governance;
- Induction into the Code of Conduct on Images and Messages and Code of Good Practice in Development Education;
- Sharing of key documents including governance documents, the roles and responsibilities of office bearers and strategic objectives for the organisation.

Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

The directors consider the board of directors, who are the charity's trustees, and the senior management team comprise the key management personnel of the charity in charge of directing and controlling, running and operating the charity on a day to day basis. All directors give of their time freely and no director received remuneration in the year.

The pay of the senior staff is reviewed annually and normally increased in accordance with average earnings. In view of the nature of the charity, the directors benchmark against pay levels in other similar size charities run on a voluntary basis.

Organisation structure and how charity makes decisions

The board of trustees, which can have up to 11 members, administers the charity. The board normally meets bi-monthly. A Director is appointed by the trustees to manage the day-to-day operations of the charity. To facilitate effective operations, the Director has delegated authority, within terms of delegation approved by the trustees, for operational matters including finance and direct charitable activities.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Relationships with related parties

None of our trustees receive remuneration or other benefit from their work with the charity.

Risk management

The trustees have a risk management strategy which comprises:

- An annual review of the principal risks and uncertainties that the charity faces;
- The establishment of policies, systems and procedures to mitigate those risks identified in the annual review; and
- The implementation of procedures designed to minimise or manage any potential impact on the charity should those risks materialise.

Risks	Mitigation
Lack of freestanding reserves	Have steadily increased reserves total to £67,756.62 in June 2021 which surpasses our 2020 reserves target of £47,545.23. The Centre has updated our Reserves Policy.
Dependence on small number of donors	Have recently submitted funding applications to the National Lottery Dormant Funds and the Community Foundation.
The COVID-19 pandemic could threaten CGE training delivery and the sustainability of our Connecting Classrooms through Global Learning Programme.	CGE staff have successfully adapted training delivery online through virtual workshops which have been highly valued by teachers. We are on track to deliver Teacher Professional Learning to the British Council target of 180 teachers by December 2021.
Sustainability of current staffing levels	The Connecting Classrooms through Global Learning programme team is actively seeking alternative sources of funding to sustain the Centre's formal sector work.

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Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Objectives and activities

The purposes of the charity are:

- To use education to challenge the causes of global inequality and injustice.
- · To enable public action on global justice issues at all levels and in all sectors of society.

In shaping our objectives for the year and planning our activities, the trustees have considered the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit.

The strategies employed to achieve the charity's aims and objectives are:

- · To influence and strengthen development education practice;
- · To increase and deepen public engagement with development education;
- · To create positive change for development education at policy level;
- To maintain and develop the Centre for Global Education's capacity and sustainability.

The Centre for Global Education has benefited greatly from the services of volunteers in 2020-21 including student interns and a full-time German volunteer placed in the Centre by Eirene. We highly value their input and accord them all possible opportunities for capacity-building and self-development.

Achievements and performance

In 2020-21, the Centre for Global Education has:

- Successfully maintained delivery of our three-year (2018-2021) formal sector programme, Connecting Classrooms through Global Learning (CCGL), despite the challenges presented by the pandemic. The CCGL team quickly adapted their training delivery to online provision and maintained their support of teachers and schools during the long periods of school closure in 2020. Teachers welcomed the opportunity to participate in peer learning and to receive Teacher Professional Learning (TPL) courses in a period of great stress and uncertainty. The CCGL programme is co-funded by the British Council and the Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office (FCDO) until 31 December 2021. The CCGL team comprises Caroline Murphy (Programme Manager), Anna Grindle (Schools' Adviser), Rosie McCreanor (Schools' Adviser) and Clare McClure (Project Officer) and their two main areas of work are international schools' partnerships and TPL. The Centre supports the recruitment of local schools and school clusters to engage in in international school partnership projects with schools in the global South. The second element of the programme involves the delivery of training packages to teachers on global learning to varying levels of progression. To date, 78 schools attached to 19 clusters and five individual schools have successfully engaged in international school partnerships and 116 teachers have received Teacher Professional Learning from the Centre. The British Council has indicated that the programme may be followed-up by a new schools' initiative in 2022.
- Published two issues of our peer reviewed, online, open access journal titled Policy and Practice: A Development Education Review which in 2020 had a global audience of 196,548 visitors and 149,036 unique visits. The journal is a unique learning tool which has been funded by Irish Aid since 2005 and in 2020 celebrated its fifteenth anniversary. To mark the milestone of the journal's fifteenth anniversary, the Centre published a special hard copy edition in March 2021. The journal continues to be be made available on a stand-alone web platform at www.developmenteducationreview.com. Funding has been received from Irish Aid for the journal to May 2022.
- Concluded delivery of a three-year project providing psycho-social support and education services to 400 children aged 7-12 years in the Gaza Strip, Palestine funded by NIPSA's

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Development World Fund. In 2020, NIPSA commenced funding a new two-year CGE programme which delivers education services and psycho-social support to 75 Palestinian and Syrian refugee children in the Palestinian refugee camp of Burj Barajneh in Beirut, Lebanon. The programme continues in 2021.

- Commissioned a Scoping Study to identify potential new funders of the programme of work set out in the Centre's three-year strategic plan. On the basis of the Scoping Study, the Centre submitted a funding application in May 2021 to the National Lottery Dormant Funds to support a new development education programme in the community and voluntary sector.
- Produced a new on-line resource called Let's Talk SDGs which was written by Caroline Murphy, Programme Manager of Connecting Classrooms through Global Learning.
- Worked in partnership with development networks in the north and south of Ireland, Britain, Europe and the global South.

Financial review

The Centre for Global Education is currently managing two strands of the schools' programme in Northern Ireland called Connecting Classrooms through Global Learning which spans three years from 2018-2021. The total value of the two contracts is £600,000 and the programme ends in December 2021. The Centre received a two year grant totalling €118,488 toward the publication of our bi-annual journal Policy and Practice in 2020-21. We received funding of €57,908 for the period 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021, and €60,580 for the period 1 June 2021 to 31 May 2022. The Centre received £12,000 as the final instalment of a three year grant (£36,000 in total) from NIPSA for an education project in the Gaza Strip, Palestine, and a two year grant worth £22,000 to support a new project in the Palestinian refugee camp of Burj Barajneh in Beirut, Lebanon to September 2021. The Centre is awaiting the outcome of funding applications to the National Lottery Dormant Funds and the Community Foundation for a small research grant.

Reserves policy and going concern

The Centre for Global Education has steadily increased its reserves in 2020-21 on the basis of increased income from funders. The Centre revised its Reserves Policy in June 2021 and trustees' ideal level of reserves (£70,323.96) seeks to maintain full employment over three months as well as provide redundancy costs. This would enable the Centre to keep all staff on the payroll during a possible transitionary period to another programme or as the Centre seeks to secure funds from an alternative source. This is broken down as follows:

Salary costs (full capacity)	40,816.29
Overheads:	4,567.91
Redundancy Costs	24,939.76
Total:	£70,323.96

Monthly total required over 24 months is £2,930.17

Current position

At 31 March 2021, the Centre for Global Education's unrestricted reserves sat at £65,292. The reserves held equates to 4.5 months' staff and running costs or redundancy costs plus 3 months running and staff costs (rounded). The next review is due in July 2022.

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Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Plans for future periods

The Centre for Global Education will continue to use the Scoping Study compiled by Blue Moss, to seek funding from non-traditional sources of funding to resource our new strategic plan to December 2022 and beyond. We have started this process with funding applications to the National Lottery Dormant Funds and the Community Foundation.

COVID-19

Since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Centre for Global Education's staff have been working remotely with only occasional access to the office. None of the CGE staff have been furloughed by donors or been forced to work reduced hours. Some restrictions on CCGL programme expenditure was introduced during school closures and the delivery of three small projects has been delayed by COVID-19 restrictions. However, none of these grants have been withdrawn and the CCGL programme has received a no-cost extension to 31 December 2021. The Centre's Irish Aid-funded programme is almost entirely managed and delivered in-house and has not been unduly impacted by COVID-19. Training delivery to teachers and schools through the CCGL programme has been adapted to online delivery. This followed staff training in the use of virtual training tools for global learning. The CCGL team will offer a blended approach to teacher training from September 2021 onward with a mix of virtual and face-to-face delivery. As the Centre's income is mostly from grants rather than public donations and street collections, our income has not been unduly impacted by COVID-19. However, the British overseas aid budget has been considerably reduced which may impact on future global education funding from the UK government. CGE continues to seek alternative sources of financial support for its work.

Trustees' responsibilities statement

The charity trustees (who are also the directors of Centre for Global Education for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and the income and expenditure of the charity for that period.

In preparing these accounts, the trustees are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- Make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and

Company Limited by Guarantee

Trustees' Annual Report (Incorporating the Director's Report) (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a trustee at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information.

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

The trustees' annual report was approved on 31 August 2021 and signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

N McAdams (Treasurer)

Trustee

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Centre for Global Education

Year ended 31 March 2021

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Centre for Global Education (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the statement of financial activities (including income and expenditure account), statement of financial position and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and the provisions available for small entities, in the circumstances set out below, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In common with many other organisations of a similar size and nature, the charity uses its auditors to prepare and submit returns to the tax authorities and assist with the preparation of their organisation's financial statements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Centre for Global Education (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Centre for Global Education (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees (who are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered the following:

- the nature of the industry and sector, control environment and business performance including the design of the remuneration policies, key drivers for directors' remuneration, bonus levels and performance targets;
- results of our enquiries of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities;
- any matters we identified having obtained and reviewed documentation of their policies and procedures relating to:
 - identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether management were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
 - detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether management have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
 - the internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Centre for Global Education (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

 the matters discussed among the audit engagement team including significant component audit teams and relevant internal specialists, including tax and valuations specialists regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the greatest potential for fraud. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks in operation, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included ongoing compliance with the UK Companies Act and tax legislation.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental for their ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Centre for Global Education (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Dolan FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Finegan Gibson Ltd Chartered accountants & statutory auditor Causeway Tower 9 James Street South Belfast BT2 8DN

31 August 2021

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Financial Activities (including income and expenditure account)

Year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	Unrestricted funds	2021 Restricted funds £	Total funds	2020 Total funds £
Income and endowments Donations and legacies Charitable activities Investment income	5 6 7	330 43	248,736 	249,066 43	515 320,632 56
Total income		373	248,736	249,109	321,203
Expenditure Expenditure on charitable activities Total expenditure	8	7,336	227,516 227,516	234,852	287,914 287,914
Net income		(6,963)	21,220	14,257	33,289
Transfers between funds		9,545	(9,545)	-	-
Net movement in funds		2,582	11,675	14,257	33,289
Reconciliation of funds Total funds brought forward		62,710	10,021	72,731	39,442
Total funds carried forward		65,292	21,696	86,988	72,731

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 15 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2021

Fixed assets	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Tangible fixed assets	13	4,051	5,524
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	14	41,067 62,843 103,910	34,451 54,825 89,276
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	20,973	22,069
Net current assets		82,937	67,207
Total assets less current liabilities		86,988	72,731
Net assets		86,988	72,731
Funds of the charity Restricted funds Unrestricted funds		21,696 65,292	10,021 62,710
Total charity funds	17	86,988	72,731

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 31 August 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

N McAdams (Treasurer)

Trustee

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2021

1. General information

The charity is a public benefit entity and a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales and a registered charity in Northern Ireland. The address of the registered office is 9 University Street, Belfast, BT7 1FY.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical costs basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured by fair value through income or expenditure. Centre for Global Education meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Centre for Global Education (CGE) will continue in operation for the 12 months from the date of our auditor's report. The validity of this assumption depends upon continued financial support from the funders of CGE.

As at 31st March 2021 CGE had a positive position of £86,988.

The trustees have a reasonable expectation that sufficient funding will be obtained to enable CGE to continue in operation for the 12 months to 31st March 2022. As a result, the trustees deem it appropriate to continue to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

Disclosure exemptions

The charity has taken advantage of the exemption in SORP 2015 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement because it is a small charity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees to further any of the charity's purposes.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the trustees for particular future project or commitment

Restricted funds are subjected to restrictions on their expenditure declared by the donor or through the terms of an appeal, and fall into one of two sub-classes: restricted income funds or endowment funds.

Incoming resources

All incoming resources are included in the statement of financial activities when entitlement has passed to the charity; it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the charity and the amount can be reliably measured. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- · income from donations or grants is recognised when there is evidence of entitlement to the gift, receipt is probable and its amount can be measured reliably.
- · legacy income is recognised when receipt is probable and entitlement is established.
- income from donated goods is measured at the fair value of the goods unless this is impractical to measure reliably, in which case the value is derived from the cost to the donor or the estimated resale value. Donated facilities and services are recognised in the accounts when received if the value can be reliably measured. No amounts are included for the contribution of general volunteers.
- income from contracts for the supply of services is recognised with the delivery of the contracted service. This is classified as unrestricted funds unless there is a contractual requirement for it to be spent on a particular purpose and returned if unspent, in which case it may be regarded as restricted.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

- expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all fundraising activities, events, non-charitable trading activities, and the sale of donated goods.
- expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable activities.
- other expenditure includes all expenditure that is neither related to raising funds for the charity nor part of its expenditure on charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, unless it reverses a charge for impairment that has previously been recognised as expenditure within the statement of financial activities. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, except to which it offsets any previous revaluation gain, in which case the loss is shown within other recognised gains and losses on the statement of financial activities.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and Fittings
Computer Equipment

- 25% straight line

- 33% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of fixed assets (continued)

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the charity are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the amount receivable or payable including any related transaction costs.

Current assets and current liabilities are subsequently measured at the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received and not discounted.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in income and expenditure. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in the statement of financial activities, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised under the appropriate heading in the statement of financial activities in which the initial gain was recognised.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Any reversals of impairment are recognised immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as an expense in the period in which it arises.

4. Limited by guarantee

Centre for Global Education is a company limited by guarantee and accordingly does not have a share capital. Every member of the company undertakes to contribute such amount as may be required not exceeding £1 to the assets of the charitable company in the event of its being wound up while he or she is a member, or within one year after he or she ceases to be a member.

5. Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted	Total Funds	Unrestricted	Total Funds
	Funds	2021	Funds	2020
	£	£	£	£
Donations				¥
Donations	_	_	515	515
			9	-

6. Charitable activities

Unrestricted	Restricted	Total Funds
Funds	Funds	2021
£	£	£
_	50,593	50,593
-	11,050	11,050
_	_	_
_	177,093	177,093
_	_	-
134	_	134
_	10,000	10,000
196	_	196
	040.700	0.40,000
	248,736	249,066
	Funds £ - - - - 134	Funds £ £ £ - 50,593 - 11,050 177,093 134 - 10,000 196 - 330 248,736

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Global Education

Support costs

6.	Charitable activities (continued)				
			Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2020 £
	Irish Aid- Dept of Foreign Affairs		-	48,949	48,949
	NIPSA		·-	23,000	23,000
	Trocaire		-	2,475	2,475
	The British Council		446	235,487	235,933
	Concern CGE Earned Income			8,432	8,432
	Big Lottery			_	_
	Other income		1,843	_	1,843
	Other meetine				
			2,289	318,343	320,632
7.	Investment income				
		Funds	Total Funds 2021	Funds	Total Funds 2020
		£	£	£	£
	CGE main account bank interest	43	43	26	26
	GLP bank account interest			30	30
		43	43	56	56
8.	Expenditure on charitable activities	by fund type			
			Unrestricted	Doctricted	Total Funds
			Funds £	Funds	2021 £
	Global Education		7,336	202,878	210,214
	Support costs		_	24,638	24,638
					-

7,336

Funds

£

(17,641)

30,349

12,708

Unrestricted

227,516

Restricted

Funds

£

2,791

272,415

275,206

234,852

£

254,774

287,914

33,140

Total Funds 2020

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

9.	Analy	/sis	of	sup	port	costs
J.	Allai	1313	VI.	Jup	PUIL	COSES

	Analysis of		
	support costs	Total 2021	Total 2020
	£	£	£
Staff costs	10,895	10,895	19,969
Governance costs	13,743	13,743	13,171
	24,638	24,638	33,140
Net income			
Net income is stated after charging/(crediting):			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		2021	2020
		£	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		2,228	2,337
Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	5	4,050	3,390

11. Staff costs

10.

The total staff costs and employee benefits for the reporting period are analysed as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Wages and salaries	134,604	151,832
Social security costs	8,716	11,768
Employer contributions to pension plans	6,669	7,652
	149,989	171,252

The average head count of employees during the year was 5 (2020: 5). The average number of full-time equivalent employees during the year is analysed as follows:

		2021	2020
		No.	No.
Number of staff		5	5

No employee received employee benefits of more than £60,000 during the year (2020: Nil).

Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel include all persons that have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the charity. The total compensation paid to key management personnel for services provided to the charity was £43,581 (2020: £79,879).

12. Trustee remuneration and expenses

The charity Trustees were not paid or received any other benefits from employment with the Charity in the year (2020: £0). They were reimbursed travel expenses during the year totalling £0 (2020: £0).

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

160	Teal clided 31 Maich 2021					
13.	Tangible fixed assets					
		Fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £		
	Cost At 1 April 2020 Additions Disposals	15,646 829 (299)	23,191 - -	38,837 829 (299)		
	At 31 March 2021	16,176	23,191	39,367		
	Depreciation At 1 April 2020 Charge for the year Disposals	10,161 2,304 (225)	23,152 (76)	33,313 2,228 (225)		
	At 31 March 2021	12,240	23,076	35,316		
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2021	3,936	115	4,051		
	At 31 March 2020	5,485	39	5,524		
14.	Debtors					
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income		2021 £ 40,659 408 41,067	2020 £ 34,043 408 34,451		
15.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
	Trade creditors Accruals and deferred income Other creditors		2021 £ 99 16,410 4,464	2020 £ 1,046 17,065 3,958		
			-,	-1		

16. Pensions and other post retirement benefits

Defined contribution plans

The amount recognised in income or expenditure as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £6,669 (2020: £7,652).

22,069

20,973

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Concern

CCGL 1

CCGL 2

A					
Analysis of charitable i	unds				
Unrestricted funds	At	Income	Even and itues	Transfers	At 31 March
					2021 £
General funds	62,710	373	(7,336)	9,545	65,292
	At 1 April 2019 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers £	At 31 March 2020
General funds	39,442	2,860	(12,708)	33,116	62,710
Restricted funds	A.				A4 04 Manala
	5 1955	Incomo	Evpanditura		At 31 March 2021
					£
Irish Aid	~ _			~ -	~ _
NIPSA	580	11,050	(10,841)	_	789
Big Lottery	_	10,000		_	10,000
		-	_	1,466	2,475
	8,432	110 447	(110 447)	-	8,432
	_			(11.011)	_
	10.001				24.000
	10,021	248,736	(227,516)	(9,545)	21,696
	At				At 31 March
	1 April 2019	Income	Expenditure	Transfers	2020
LAT. AND	£			£	£
	=			(205)	-
	_	23,000	(22,155)	(265)	580
Trocaire	_	2,475	(1,466)	_	1,009
	Unrestricted funds General funds General funds Restricted funds Irish Aid NIPSA Big Lottery Trocaire Concern CCGL 1 CCGL 2 Irish Aid NIPSA Big Lottery	At 1 April 2020 £ General funds At 1 April 2019 £ General funds At 1 April 2019 £ 39,442 Restricted funds At 1 April 2020 £ Irish Aid NIPSA Big Lottery Trocaire COGL 1 CCGL 2 Irish Aid At 1 April 2019 £ Irish Aid NIPSA Big Lottery — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	At	Unrestricted funds At 1 April 2020 Income £ £ £ £ £ £ General funds 62,710 373 (7,336) Restricted funds At 1 April 2019	At

8,432

135,077

100,410

318,343

(135,077)

(275,206)

(67,559)

(32,851)

(33,116)

8,432

10,021

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

18. Analysis of net assets between funds

Tangible fixed assets Current assets Creditors less than 1 year Net assets	Unrestricted Funds £ 4,051 63,251 (2,010) 65,292	Restricted Funds £ 40,659 (18,963) 21,696	Total Funds 2021 £ 4,051 103,910 (20,973) 86,988
Tangible fixed assets Current assets Creditors less than 1 year	Unrestricted Funds £ 2,221 79,255 (22,069)	Restricted Funds £ 3,303 10,021	Total Funds 2020 £ 5,524 89,276 (22,069)
Net assets	59,407	13,324	72,731

19. Corporation tax

The Company is a registered charity, and as such is entitled to tax exemptions on income and profits in furtherance of the charity's primary objectives.

20. Non adjusting events after the financial period

In the first part of 2020, the global economy has been significantly affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. Restrictions put in place by world leaders & Governments as a result of this virus have significantly impacted many organisations and their ability to carry out their operations. The impact of this virus is being felt worldwide, by both social and financial economies.

The impact of Covid-19 and the measures taken by the UK government are likely to have significant ongoing financial consequences, however, as there continues to be significant uncertainty regarding the pandemic and the best way to manage it, these consequences cannot be reliably predicted.

The duration of the restrictions imposed is currently unknown, as is the Government's exit plan regarding these restrictions. Therefore, there are significant uncertainties in considering the impact of the restrictions on the charity's operations. This situation is being closely monitored by the trustees.

In preparing these financial statements, the going concern basis has been used. The trustees consider this to be an appropriate basis, despite the uncertainties resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic, based on the information available to them at the signing date.

The charity is not in a position at this stage to predict the full severity of the consequences of the Covid-19 pandemic on its future financial performance. However, they are of the opinion there is no material impact on the financial statements for the year ending 31 March 2021.

Centre for Global Education				
Company Limited by Guarantee				
Management Information				
Year ended 31 March 2021				
The following pages do not form part of the financial statements.				

Company Limited by Guarantee

Detailed Statement of Financial Activities (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

Income and endowments	2021 £ 2021 £	2020 £ 2020 £
Donations Donations		515
Charitable activities Irish Aid- Dept of Foreign Affairs NIPSA Trocaire The British Council Concern CGE Earned Income Big Lottery Other income	50,593 11,050 - 177,093 - 134 10,000 196 249,066	48,949 23,000 2,475 235,933 8,432 — 1,843 320,632
Investment income CGE main account bank interest GLP bank account interest	43 	26 30 56
Total income	249,109	321,203

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Detailed Statement of Financial Activities

Year ended 31 March 2021

	2021 £	2020 £
Expenditure on charitable activities	2	~
Global Education		
Activities undertaken directly		
Wages/salaries	125,178	134,563
Employer's NIC	7,718	9,931
Pension costs	6,198	6,789
Rent	10,401	10,400
Light & heat	1,543	2,685
Repairs & maintenance	622	2,459
Insurance	1,009	896
NIPSA Expenditure	10,620	22,155
Telephone	1,645	1,761
Other office costs	532	1,523
Depreciation	2,228	2,337
Travel	7,264	5,733
Subscriptions	1,144	1,089
IT Costs	1,380	3,544
Recruitment and Advertising	2.020	986
Marketing	2,039	1,328
Printing and Publication Costs	4,001 3,287	2,099 3,019
Staff Training Teacher Training	23,331	41,477
Loss on disposal	23,331 74	41,477
Loss off disposal		
	210,214	254,774
Support costs		
Wages/salaries	9,426	17,269
Employer's NIC	998	1,837
Pension costs	471	863
	10,895	19,969
Governance costs		
Accountancy fees	9,600	9,600
Audit fees	4,050	3,390
Other finance costs	93	181
	13,743	13,171
Expenditure on charitable activities	234,852	287,914
Net income	14,257	33,289